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Al and Machine Learning for Coders

A Programmer's Guide to Artificial Intelligence



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Preface

Welcome to AI and Machine Learning for Coders, a book that I've been wanting to write for many years but that has only really become possible due to recent advances in machine learning (ML) and, in particular, TensorFlow. The goal of this book is to prepare you, as a coder, for many of the scenarios that you can address with machine learning, with the aim of equipping you to be an ML and AI developer without needing a PhD! I hope that you'll find it useful, and that it will empower you with the confidence to get started on this wonderful and rewarding journey.

Who Should Read This Book

If you're interested in AI and ML, and you want to get up and running quickly with building models that learn from data, this book is for you. If you're interested in getting started with common AI and ML concepts—computer vision, natural language processing, sequence modeling, and more—and want to see how neural networks can be trained to solve problems in these spaces, I think you'll enjoy this book. And if you have models that you've trained and want to get them into the hands of users on mobile, in the browser, or via the cloud, then this book is also for you!

Most of all, if you've been put off entering this valuable area of computer science because of perceived difficulty, in particular believing that you'll need to dust off your old calculus books, then fear not: this book takes a code-first approach that shows you just how easy it is to get started in the world of machine learning and artificial intelligence using Python and TensorFlow.

Why I Wrote This Book

I first got seriously involved with artificial intelligence in the spring of 1992. A freshly minted physics graduate living in London in the midst of a terrible recession, I had been unemployed for six months. The British government started a program to train 20 people in AI technology, and put out a call for applicants. I was the first

participant selected. Three months later, the program failed miserably, because while there was plenty of theoretical work that could be done with AI, there was no easy way to do it practically. One could write simple inference in a language called Prolog, and perform list processing in a language called Lisp, but there was no clear path to deploying them in industry. The famous "AI winter" followed.

Then, in 2016, while I was working at Google on a product called Firebase, the company offered machine learning training to all engineers. I sat in a room with a number of other people and listened to lectures about calculus and gradient descent. I couldn't quite match this to a practical implementation of ML, and I was suddenly transported back to 1992. I brought feedback about this, and about how we should educate people in ML, to the TensorFlow team—and they hired me in 2017. With the release of TensorFlow 2.0 in 2018, and in particular the emphasis on high-level APIs that made it easy for developers to get started, I realized the need was there for a book that took advantage of this, and widened access to ML so that it wasn't just for mathematicians or PhDs anymore.

I believe that more people using this technology and deploying it to end users will lead to an explosion in AI and ML that will prevent another AI winter, and change the world very much for the better. I'm already seeing the impact of this, from the work done by Google on diabetic retinopathy, through Penn State University and PlantVillage building an ML model for mobile that helps farmers diagnose cassava disease, Médecins Sans Frontières using TensorFlow models to help diagnose antibiotic resistance, and much, much more!

Navigating This Book

The book is written in two main parts. Part I (Chapters 1-11) talks about how to use TensorFlow to build machine learning models for a variety of scenarios. It takes you from first principles—building a model with a neural network containing only one neuron—through computer vision, natural language processing, and sequence modeling. Part II (Chapters 12-20) then walks you through scenarios for putting your models in people's hands on Android and iOS, in browsers with JavaScript, and serving via the cloud. Most chapters are standalone, so you can drop in and learn something new, or, of course, you could just read the book cover to cover.

Technology You Need to Understand

The goal of the first half of the book is to help you learn how to use TensorFlow to build models with a variety of architectures. The only real prerequisite to this is understanding Python, and in particular Python notation for data and array processing. You might also want to explore Numpy, a Python library for numeric calculations. If you have no familiarity with these, they are quite easy to learn, and you can probably pick up what you need as you go along (although some of the array notation might be a bit hard to grasp).

For the second half of the book, I generally will not teach the languages that are shown, but instead show how TensorFlow models can be used in them. So, for example, in the Android chapter (Chapter 13) you'll explore building apps in Kotlin with Android studio, and in the iOS chapter (Chapter 14) you'll explore building apps in Swift with Xcode. I won't be teaching the syntax of these languages, so if you aren't familiar with them, you may need a primer—*Learning Swift* (https://oreil.ly/MnEVD) by Jonathan Manning, Paris Buttfield-Addison, and Tim Nugent (O'Reilly) is a great choice.

Online Resources

A variety of online resources are used by, and supported in, this book. At the very least I would recommend that you keep an eye on TensorFlow (https://www.tensorflow.org) and its associated YouTube channel (https://www.youtube.com/tensorflow) for any updates and breaking changes to technologies discussed in the book.

The code for this book is available at https://github.com/lmoroney/tfbook, and I will keep it up to date there as the platform evolves.

Conventions Used in This Book

The following typographical conventions are used in this book:

Italic

Indicates new terms, URLs, email addresses, filenames, and file extensions.

Constant width

Used for program listings, as well as within paragraphs to refer to program elements such as variable or function names, data types, environment variables, statements, and keywords.

Constant width bold

Used for emphasis in code snippets.



This element signifies a note.